Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida

Laboratory List (Practitioner Requirements Differ)

Effective June 4, 2014



Did you know that you are required* to report certain laboratory results to your county health department? Report immediately 24/7 by phone upon initial suspicion or laboratory test order Report immediately 24/7 by phone Report next business day Other reporting timeframe \succ Submit isolate or specimen for confirmation Detection in one or more specimens of Cyclospora cayetanensis 🖂 Saxitoxin associated with paralytic shellfish etiological agents of a disease or condition not poisoning Ehrlichia species 🖂 listed that is of urgent public health Shiga toxin 🖂 Escherichia coli, Shiga toxin-producing 🖂 significance; agents suspected to be the cause Shigella species of a cluster or outbreak 1 Francisella tularensis 🖂 R Staphylococcal enterotoxin B Arboviruses Giardia species Arboviruses not otherwise listed, including but 2 Staphylococcus aureus, intermediate or full Haemophilus ducrevi not limited to: Flaviviridae, Togaviridae (e.g., resistance to vancomycin (VISA, VRSA) Haemophilus influenzae isolated from a Western equine encephalitis virus), and Streptococcus pneumoniae isolated from a normally sterile site from children <5 years old Bunvaviridae 🖂 normally sterile site from children <6 years old Hantavirus California serogroup viruses (e.g., Jamestown Treponema pallidum **Hepatitis A** Canyon, Keystone, Lacrosse) 📐 R Treponema pallidum from pregnant women and Hepatitis B, C, D, E, and G viruses Chikungunya virus neonates Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) Dengue virus 🖂 Trichinella spiralis Herpes simplex virus (HSV) 1 and HSV 2 from Eastern equine encephalitis virus 🖂 1 Vaccinia virus 🖂 children <12 years old St. Louis encephalitis virus 🖂 Varicella virus Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) test West Nile virus 🖂 Variola virus (orthopox virus) 🖂 results (e.g., positive and negative Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus 🖂 immunoassay, positive and negative virologic R Yellow fever virus tests) from children <18 months old General Yersinia pestis 🖂 Acanthamoeba species HIV, repeatedly reactive enzyme immunoassay, Vibrio and related species followed by a positive confirmatory test (e.g., Anaplasma species 🖂 Vibrio cholerae type O1 Western blot, IFA). Positive result on any HIV Any bacterial or fungal species in CSF virologic test (e.g., p24 AG, Nucleic Acid Test Vibrio species excluding Vibrio cholerae type Arsenic results indicative of poisoning (NAT/NAAT) or viral culture). All viral load 01 🖂 Bacillus anthracis 🖂 (detectable and undetectable) test results. Photobacterium damselae (formerly Vibrio Balamuthia mandrillaris Influenza virus from children <18 years old who damsela) 🖂 Bordetella pertussis died (if known) 🖂 Grimontia hollisae (formerly Vibrio hollisae) Borrelia burgdorferi Influenza virus, novel or pandemic strain Viral hemorrhagic fever Brevetoxin associated with neurotoxic shellfish æ isolated from humans 🖂 Viruses not listed that cause viral hemorrhagic poisoning Klebsiella granulomatis fever 🖂 Brucella species Lead, all blood results (positive and negative) Arenaviruses (e.g., Lassa, Machupo, Lujo, new Burkholderia mallei 🖂 Legionella species world) 🖂 Leptospira interrogans Burkholderia pseudomallei 🖂 Filoviruses (e.g., Ebola, Marburg) Listeria monocytogenes 🖂 æ Campylobacter species Only reportable for laboratories participating in Measles virus 🖂 electronic laboratory reporting (ELR) Cancer, pathological or tissue diagnosis of cancer, excluding non-melanoma skin cancer Antimicrobial susceptibility results for isolates Mercury results indicative of poisoning and including benign and borderline from a normally sterile site for Acinetobacter Mumps virus intracranial and CNS tumors (see Rule 64Dbaumannii, Citrobacter species, Enterococcus Mycobacterium leprae 3.034. Florida Administrative Code) species, Enterobacter species, Escherichia coli, Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 🖂 Carbon monoxide, volume fraction ≥0.09 (9%) Klebsiella species, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, æ Naegleria fowleri of carboxyhemoglobin in blood and Serratia species Neisseria gonorrhoeae Haemophilus influenzae isolated from a CD-4 absolute count and percentage of total Neisseria meningitidis isolated from a normally lymphocytes normally sterile site, all ages sterile site Hepatitis B, C, D, E, and G viruses, all test Chlamydia trachomatis Pesticide results indicative of related illness results (positive and negative) and all liver Chlamydophila psittaci 🖂 and injury function tests CJD, 14-3-3 or tau protein detection in CSF or Plasmodium species 🖂 Human papillomavirus (HPV) DNA immunohistochemical test or any brain Poliovirus 🖂 Influenza virus, all test results (positive and pathology suggestive of CJD . negative) Clostridium botulinum and botulinum toxin Rabies virus from animal or human Respiratory syncytial virus, all test results from food, wound or unspecified source 🖂 . Ricinine (from Ricinus communis castor (positive and negative) Clostridium botulinum and botulinum toxin beans) 🖂 Staphylococcus aureus isolated from a from infants <12 months old Rickettsia prowazekii 🖂 normally sterile site Clostridium tetani Rickettsia rickettsii and other spotted fever Streptococcus pneumoniae isolated from a Coronavirus associated with severe acute Rickettsia species 🖂 normally sterile site, all ages respiratory disease 🖂 Rubella virus 🖂 Corynebacterium diphtheriae 🖂 Salmonella serotype Typhi Coxiella burnetii 🖂 Salmonella species

*Section 381.0031 (2), Florida Statutes (F.S.), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), F.S. provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious diseases determined by it to be a threat to public health and therefore of significance to public health and shall furnish a copy of the list to the practitioners..."

Cryptosporidium species